

Práctica PRECALCULO

Factorice completamente cada expresión

1. $30a^2x^2 + 35a^2x - 15a^2$
2. $9 - 25(x + 1)^2$
3. $9a^4(a + b) - 16a^2(a + b)^3$
4. $(a + 1)^3 - (a + 1)$
5. $(x^2 - x)^2 - 14(x^2 - x) + 24$
6. $4y^2 + 6x - 1 - 9x^2$
7. $32a^3 + 4b^3 - 8a^3m^4 - b^3m^4$
8. $2x^3 + 9x^2 + 7x - 6$

Realice las operaciones y simplifique

1. $\frac{4x^2-9}{4x^2-24x+9} \cdot \frac{4x^2-4x-3}{8x^3+27}$
2. $\frac{x+3}{x-1} - \frac{x+2}{x+4}$
3. $\frac{3m}{m+1} - \frac{5}{m} + \frac{7m}{m^2+m}$
4. $\frac{3x}{2x+1} - \frac{x-19}{2x^2+3x+1} - \frac{x+5}{x+1}$
5. $\left(x - \frac{2}{x+1}\right)\left(x - \frac{3}{x+2}\right)$
6. $\frac{4b^2-12b+9}{b^2(2b-3)-3b(2b-3)+4(3-2b)} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{b} - \frac{2}{2b-3}\right)$
7. $\frac{\frac{1}{a-b} - \frac{1}{a+b}}{\frac{1}{a-b} + \frac{1}{a+b}}$
8. $\frac{x^4-1}{x^3-1} \cdot \left[1 - \frac{x}{(x+1)^2}\right] \div \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)$
9. $\frac{\frac{1}{2-2h} - \frac{1}{3+3h}}{\frac{1}{1-h^2} - \frac{1}{1+h}}$

1. $30a^2x^2 + 35a^2x - 15a^2$

$$5a^2(6x^2 + 7x - 3)$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} 3x & -1 \\ 2x & 3 \end{array}$$

$$5a^2(3x-1)(2x-3)$$

2. $9 - 25(x+1)^2$

$$(3+5(x+1))(3-5(x+1))$$

$$(3+5x+5)(3-5x-5)$$

$$(8+5x)(-2-5x)$$

3. $9a^4(a+b) - 16a^2(a+b)^3$

$$a^2(a+b)[9a^2 - 16(a+b)^2]$$

$$a^2(a+b)[3a-4(a+b)](3a+4(a+b))$$

$$a^2(a+b)(3a-4a-4b)(3a+4a+4b)$$

$$a^2(a+b)(-a-4b)(7a+4b)$$

4. $(a+1)^3 - (a+1)$

$$(a+1)[(a+1)^2 - 1]$$

$$(a+1)(a+1+1)(a+1-1)$$

$$a(a+1)(a+2)$$

8. $2x^3 + 9x^2 + 7x - 6$

$$(x+2)(2x^2+5x-3)$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} 2x & -1 \\ x & 3 \end{array}$$

$$(x+2)(2x-1)(x+3)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 9 & 7 & -6 \\ & 2 & 11 & 18 \\ \hline 2 & 11 & 18 & 18 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 9 & 7 & -6 \\ & -2 & 7 & 0 \\ \hline 2 & 7 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 9 & 7 & -6 \\ & 4 & 26 & 2 \\ \hline 2 & 13 & 33 & 2 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 9 & 7 & -6 \\ & -4 & -10 & 6 \\ \hline 2 & 5 & -3 & 0 \end{array}$$

1. $\frac{4x^2-9}{4x^2-24x+9} \cdot \frac{4x^2-4x-3}{8x^3+27}$

$$\frac{(2x-3)(2x+3)}{4x^2-24x+9} \cdot \frac{(2x-3)(2x+1)}{(2x-3)(4x^2+6x+9)}$$

$$\frac{(2x+3)(2x+1)}{(4x^2-24x+9)(4x^2+6x+9)}$$

2. $\frac{x+3}{x-1} - \frac{x+2}{x+4}$

$$\frac{(x+3)(x+4) - (x+2)(x-1)}{(x-1)(x+4)}$$

$$\frac{x^2+4x+3x+12 - (x^2-x+2x-2)}{(x-1)(x+4)}$$

$$\frac{x^2+4x+3x+12 - x^2+x-2x+2}{(x-1)(x+4)}$$

$$\frac{6x+14}{(x-1)(x+4)} = \frac{2(3x+7)}{(x-1)(x+4)}$$

3. $\frac{3m}{m+1} - \frac{5}{m} + \frac{7m}{m^2+m}$

$$\frac{3m}{m+1} - \frac{5}{m} + \frac{7m}{m(m+1)}$$

$$\frac{3m \cdot m - 5(m+1) + 7m}{m(m+1)}$$

$$\frac{3m^2 - 5m - 5 + 7m}{m(m+1)}$$

$$\frac{3m^2 + 2m - 5}{m(m+1)}$$

$$\frac{(3m+5)(m-1)}{m(m+1)}$$

4. $\frac{3x}{2x+1} - \frac{x-19}{2x^2+3x+1} - \frac{x+5}{x+1}$

$$\frac{3x}{2x+1} - \frac{x-19}{(2x+1)(x+1)} - \frac{x+5}{x+1}$$

$$\frac{3x \cdot (x+1) - (x-19) - (x+5) \cdot (2x+1)}{(2x+1)(x+1)}$$

$$\frac{3x^2+3x-x-19-2x^2-x+10x-5}{(2x+1)(x+1)}$$

$$\frac{3x^2+3x-x+10-2x^2-x+10x-5}{(2x+1)(x+1)}$$

$$\frac{x^2-9x+14}{(2x+1)(x+1)}$$

$$\frac{(x-7)(x-2)}{(2x+1)(x+1)}$$

5. $\left(\frac{x}{x+1} - \frac{2}{x+1}\right) \left(\frac{x}{x+1} - \frac{3}{x+2}\right)$

$$\left(\frac{x-(x+2)}{x+1}\right) \left(\frac{x-(x+3)}{x+2}\right)$$

$$\left(\frac{x^2+x-2}{x+1}\right) \left(\frac{x^2+2x-3}{x+2}\right)$$

$$\frac{(x+2)(x-1)}{(x+1)} \cdot \frac{(x+3)(x-1)}{(x+2)}$$

$$\frac{(x+3)(x-1)^2}{x+1}$$

7. $\frac{\frac{1}{a-b} - \frac{1}{a+b}}{\frac{1}{a-b} + \frac{1}{a+b}}$

$$\left(\frac{1}{a-b} - \frac{1}{a+b}\right) \div \left(\frac{1}{a-b} + \frac{1}{a+b}\right)$$

$$\frac{(a+b)-(a-b)}{(a-b)(a+b)} \div \frac{a+b+a-b}{(a-b)(a+b)}$$

$$\frac{a+b-a+b}{(a-b)(a+b)} \div \frac{a+b+a-b}{(a-b)(a+b)}$$

$$\frac{2b}{(a-b)(a+b)} \div \frac{(a-b)(a+b)}{2a}$$

$$\frac{2b}{2a} = \frac{b}{a}$$

9. $\frac{\frac{2-2h}{1-h^2} - \frac{3+3h}{1+h}}{\frac{1}{1-h^2} - \frac{1}{1+h}}$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2-2h} - \frac{1}{3+3h}\right) \div \left(\frac{1}{1-h^2} - \frac{1}{1+h}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2(1-h)} - \frac{1}{3(1+h)} \div \left(\frac{1}{(1-h)(1+h)} - \frac{1}{1+h}\right)$$

$$\frac{1 \cdot 3(1+h) - 1 \cdot 2(1-h)}{6(1-h)(1+h)} \div \frac{1 - 1(1-h)}{(1-h)(1+h)}$$

$$\frac{3+3h-2+2h}{6(1-h)(1+h)} \div \frac{1-1+h}{(1-h)(1+h)}$$

$$\frac{1+5h}{6(1-h)(1+h)} \cdot \frac{(1-h)(1+h)}{h}$$

$$\frac{1+5h}{6h}$$

1. $x^4 - 2x^2 - 3x - 2 = 0$

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} 1 & 0 & -2 & -3 & -2 \\ & 2 & 4 & 4 & 2 \\ \hline 1 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 0 \end{array}$$

$(x-2)(x^3+2x^2+2x+1)=0$

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} 1 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ & 1 & 3 & 5 & 2 \\ \hline 1 & 3 & 5 & 2 & 0 \end{array}$$

$x=2$ $x=-1$ $x = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1-9+1+1}}{2}$

$$S = \{2, -1\}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} 1 & 2 & 2 & 1 & -1 \\ & -1 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ \hline 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$$

2. $25x^4 + 5x = 125x^3 + x^2$

$$25x^4 + 5x - 125x^3 - x^2 = 0$$

$$x(25x^3 - 125x^2 - x + 5) = 0$$

$$x(25x^2(x-5) - 1(x-5)) = 0$$

$$x(25x^2 - 1)(x-5) = 0$$

$$x(5x-1)(5x+1)(x-5) = 0$$

$x=0$ $5x=1$ $5x+1$ $x=5$

$$S = \{0, \frac{1}{5}, -\frac{1}{5}, 5\}$$

3. $(x^2 - 2x)^2 - 2(x^2 - 2x) - 3 = 0$

$$\begin{array}{r} (x^2 - 2x) \\ (x^2 - 2x) \end{array} \begin{array}{r} -3 \\ 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} (x^2 - 2x - 3) \\ (x^2 - 2x + 1) \end{array} = 0$$

$$(x-3)(x+1)(x-1)^2 = 0$$

$$S = \{3, -1, 1\}$$

4. $(x+5)(2x-1) = x(x+9)$

$$(x+5)(2x-1) - x(x+9) = 0$$

$$2x^2 - x + 10x - 5 - x^2 - 9x = 0$$

$$x^2 - 5 = 0$$

$$x^2 = 5$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \pm\sqrt{5}$$

$$x = \pm\sqrt{5}$$

$$S = \{\sqrt{5}, -\sqrt{5}\}$$

5. $(x-3)^2 = 3x^2 - 9x$

$$x^2 - 6x + 9 = 3x^2 - 9x$$

$$3x^2 - x^2 - 9x + 6x - 9 = 0$$

$$2x^2 - 3x - 9 = 0$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} \quad \frac{-3}{-3}$$

$$(2x+3)(x-3) = 0$$

$2x = -3$ $x = 3$

$$x = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$S = \{3, -\frac{3}{2}\}$$

6. $x^{-2} + 2x^{-1} - 3 = 0$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^{-2} \\ x^{-1} \end{array} \begin{array}{r} 2 \\ -1 \end{array}$$

$$(x^{-1}+3)(x^{-1}-1) = 0$$

$$x^{-1} = -3$$

$$\frac{1}{x} = -3$$

$$1 = -3x$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} = x$$

$$x^{-1} = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{x} = 1$$

$$1 = x$$

$$S = \{1, -\frac{1}{3}\}$$

7. $x^6 + 7x^3 - 8 = 0$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^3 \\ x^3 \end{array} \begin{array}{r} 8 \\ -1 \end{array}$$

$$(x^3+8)(x^3-1) = 0$$

$$\sqrt[3]{x^3+8} = \sqrt[3]{8}$$

$$x^3 = 8$$

$$x = 2$$

$$\sqrt[3]{x^3-1} = \sqrt[3]{-1}$$

$$x^3 = -1$$

$$x = -1$$

$$S = \{2, -1\}$$